

Newsletter Producer Price Index (PPI) May, 2014



Republic of Ghana

June25, 2014

Producer Price Inflation Rate Increased to33.1%in May 2014

The Producer Price Index

The Producer Price Index (PPI) measures the average change over time in the prices received by domestic producers for the production of their goods and services. The PPI for Ghana reports theproducer price indices with reference to September 2006, the base period. This release shows the producer price changes since September 2006, as well as the annual (year-on-year) and monthly inflation rates, for all industry and three major sub-sectors of industry (Mining Quarrying, Manufacturing, and Utilities) for the last twelve months. The figures for the month of May2014 are provisional, and are subject to revision when additional data becomeavailable. All other indicators are final.

May2014Producer Inflation

The Producer Price Inflation ratefor May2014 was33.1percent. This rate indicates that, between May 2013 andMay2014(year-on-year), the PPI changed by 33.1 percent, representing anincrease of 1.8percentage points in producer inflation relative to the rate recorded in April2014(31.3%). The month-on-month change in producer price index between April 2014 and May 2014 was 1.3 percent (Table 1).

Table1: PPI for April2014 andMay2014

	Index level	Change rate (%)	
Month	Sept 2006=100	Monthly	Yearly
April 2014	p 397.3	p 2.7	p 31.5
April,2014 rev	396.6	2.6	31.3
May, 2014	p 401.8	p 1.3	р 33.1

P: Provisional

InMay 2014, the producer priceinflation in the Mining and Quarrying subsector increased by 10.0 percentage pointsover the April 2014 rate of 25.2 percent, to record 35.2 percent in May 2014. Manufacturing, which constitutes more than two-thirds of total industry, inched up by 0.14 percentage points to record 27.5 percent. The rate for the Utilities sub-sectors increased marginally to record 56.8 percent in May 2014.

Table2: PPI and Inflation by Sector, May, 2014 (September 2006=100)

Sector	Index level	Change rate (%)	
	Sept 2006=100	Monthly	Yearly
Mining & Quarrying	731.7	3.4	35.2
Manufacturing	336.9	1.1	27.5
Utilities	475.8	0.2	56.8
ALL INDUSTRY	401.8	1.3	33.1

The data in this table are provisional.

Trends

During the 12-month period (May 2013 to May2014), the highest year-on-year inflation rate of 33.1 percent for all industry was recorded in May2014. Between May and August 2013, the rate declined continuously to record the lowest rate of 4.7 percent in August 2013. In September 2013, however, the rate inched up to record 5.8 percent. Subsequently, the producer price inflation rate has increased consistently over the last eight months to

record 33.1 percent in May2014; this rate is the highest since January 2010.

Manufacturing Sector

During the month of May2014, four out of the sixteen major groups in the manufacturing subsector recorded inflation rates higher than the sector average of 27.5percent (Fig. 2). Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c. recorded the highest inflation rate of 76.0 percent whilst producer prices in the manufacture of wood and product of wood, expect furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials recorded the lowest inflation rate of 1.9 percent over the one year period.

Petroleum Price Index

From May 2013, the inflation rate in the petroleum sub-sectorincreased consistently to record 33.6 percent in September 2013. The rate fluctuated between October and December 2013, after which itincreased consistently to record 56.1 percent in February 2014. The rate then declined to record 44.7 percent, after which it increased to 48.2 percent May 2014 (Fig. 3).

Highlights

The year-on-year producer inflation for all industry was 33.1 percentin May 2014; the monthly inflation rate was 1.3 percent.

The utilities sub-sector recorded the highest year-onyear producer price inflation rate of 56.8 percent, followed by themining and quarrying sub-sector with 35.2 percent. The manufacturing sub-sector recorded an inflation rate of 27.5 percent.

The monthly changes in the producer price index indicated that mining and quarrying recorded a monthly inflation rate of 3.4 percent while manufacturing recorded 1.1 percent. The utilities sub-sectorrecorded the lowest monthly rate (0.2%).





